



Internship report

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CADFEM

CADFEM in D, A, CH

- 60 million euros of revenue
- 2,300 customers
- 12 locations
- 185 employees (worldwide >250)
- Family-run business

CADFEM and ANSYS partnership

- Since company's foundation
- Offering all ANSYS products
- Close technical collaboration
- CADFEM: Competence Center FEM
- ANSYS Germany: Competence Center
- CFD

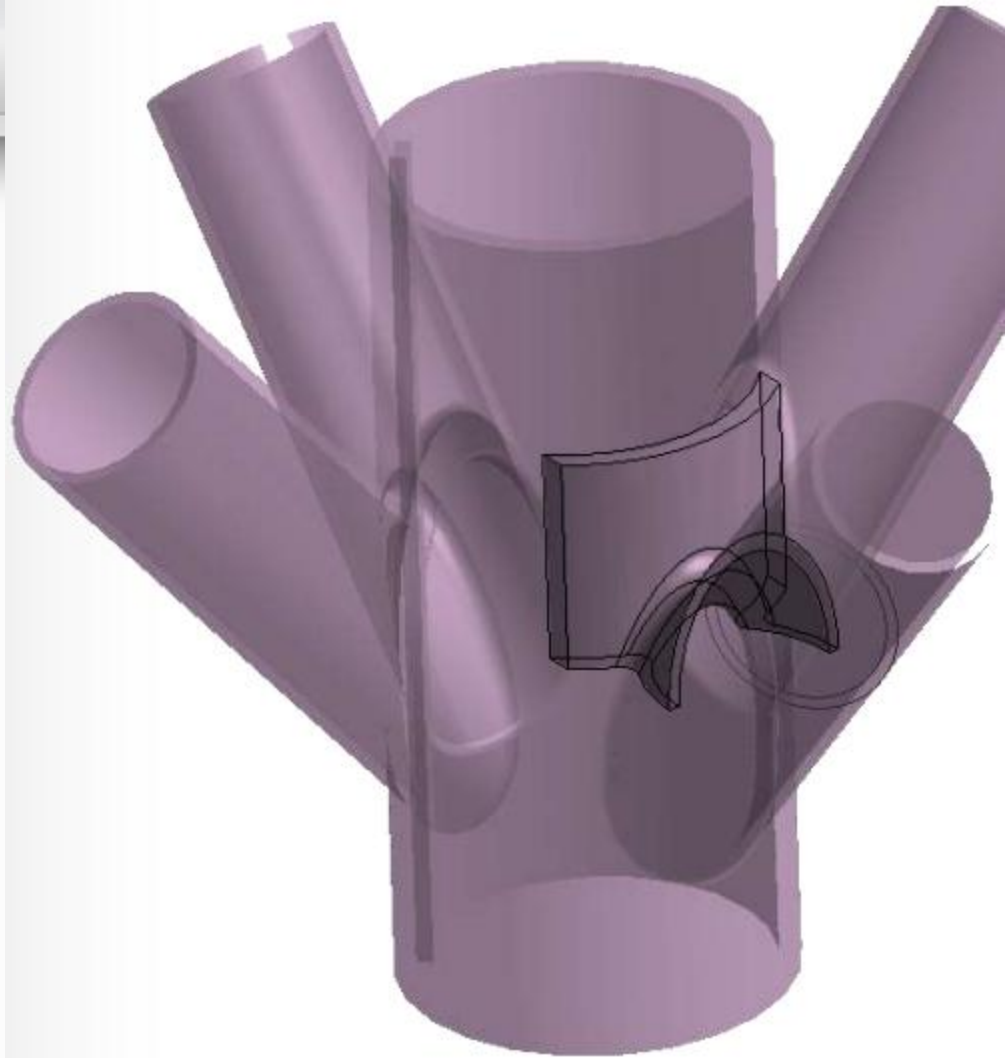


Internship Objectives

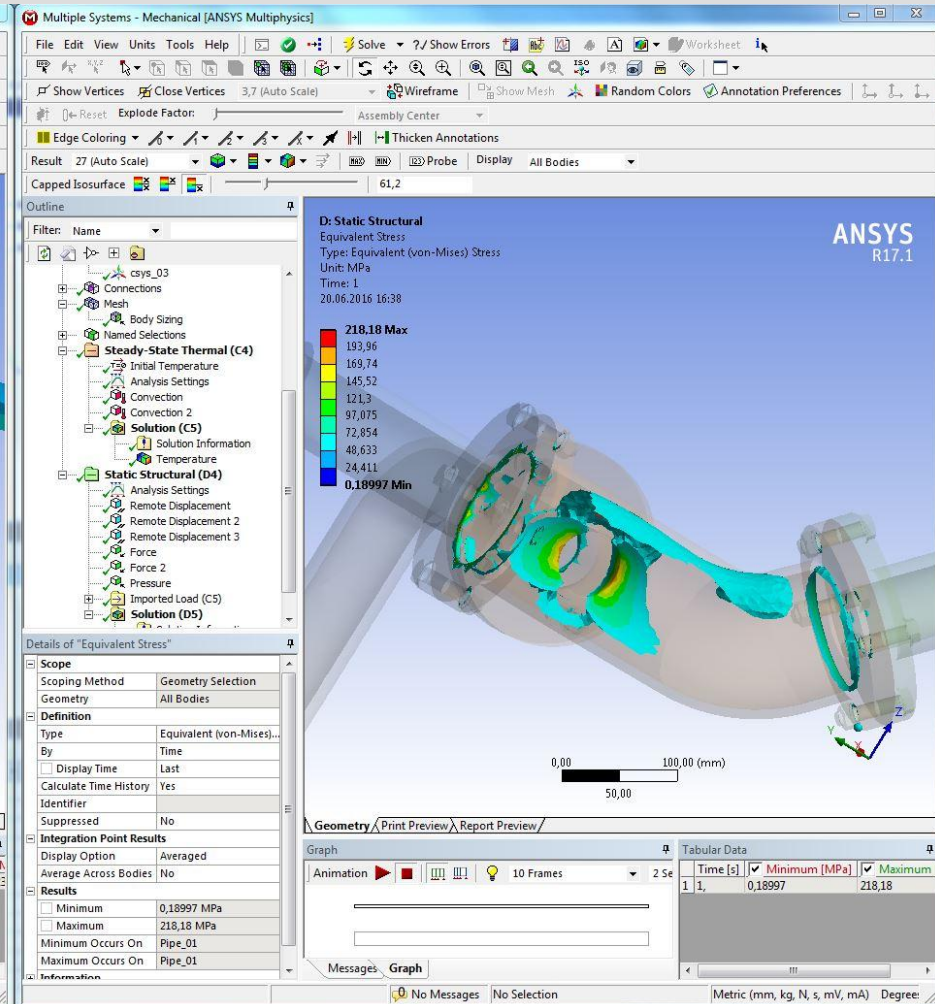
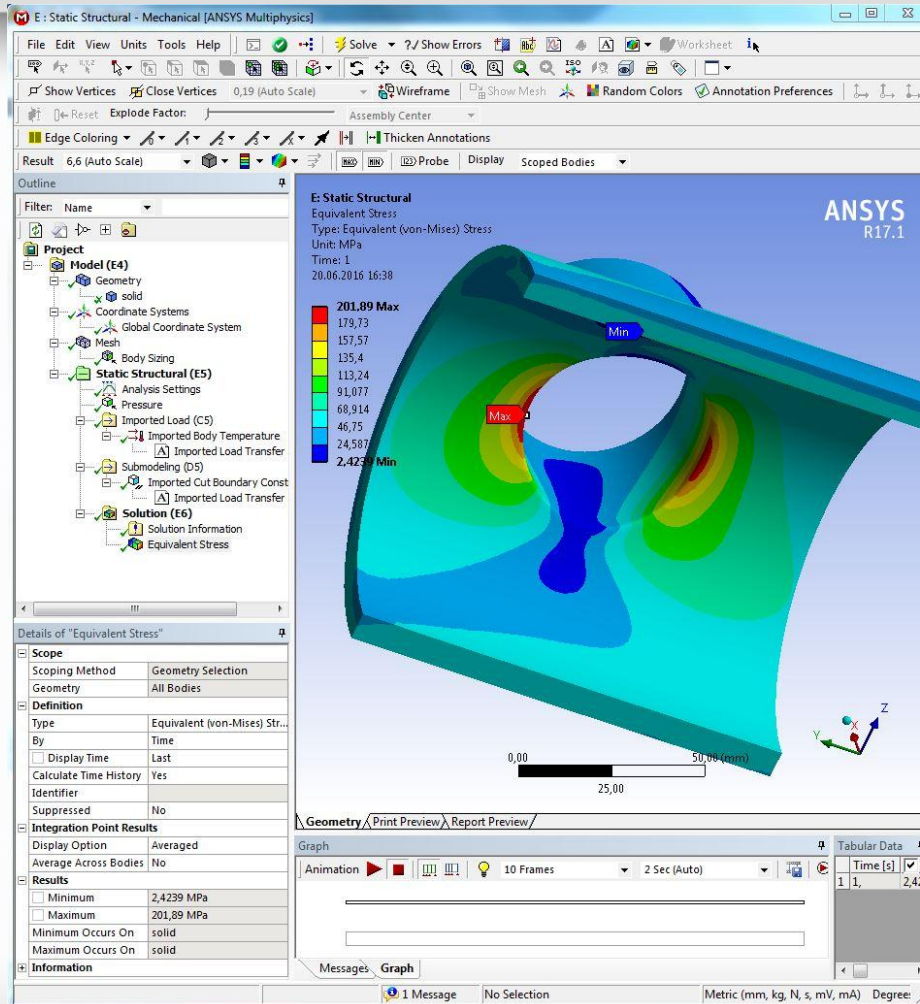
- To learn techniques for solution of engineering problems by means of ANSYS environment
- To learn technologies for solution of multiphysics problems
- To calculate a mesh for solving three-dimensional problem of the external flow
- To solve fluid dynamic problem in airfoil cavitations mode

To obtain accurate stress in a local region, submodeling separates local analysis from the global model. This allows mesh refinement in a region that might not be possible on the full model without exceeding size limits.

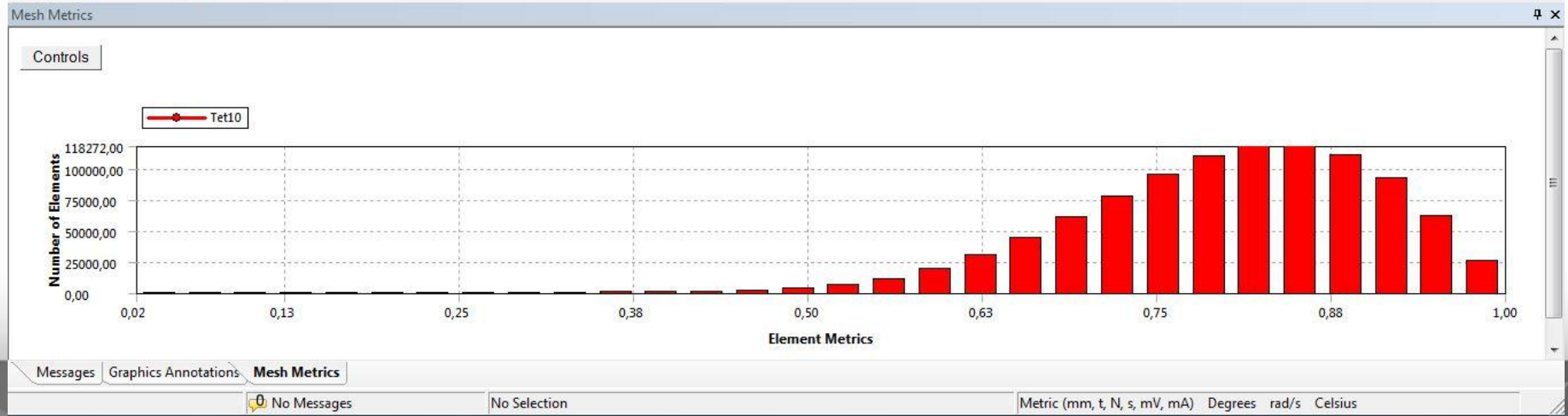
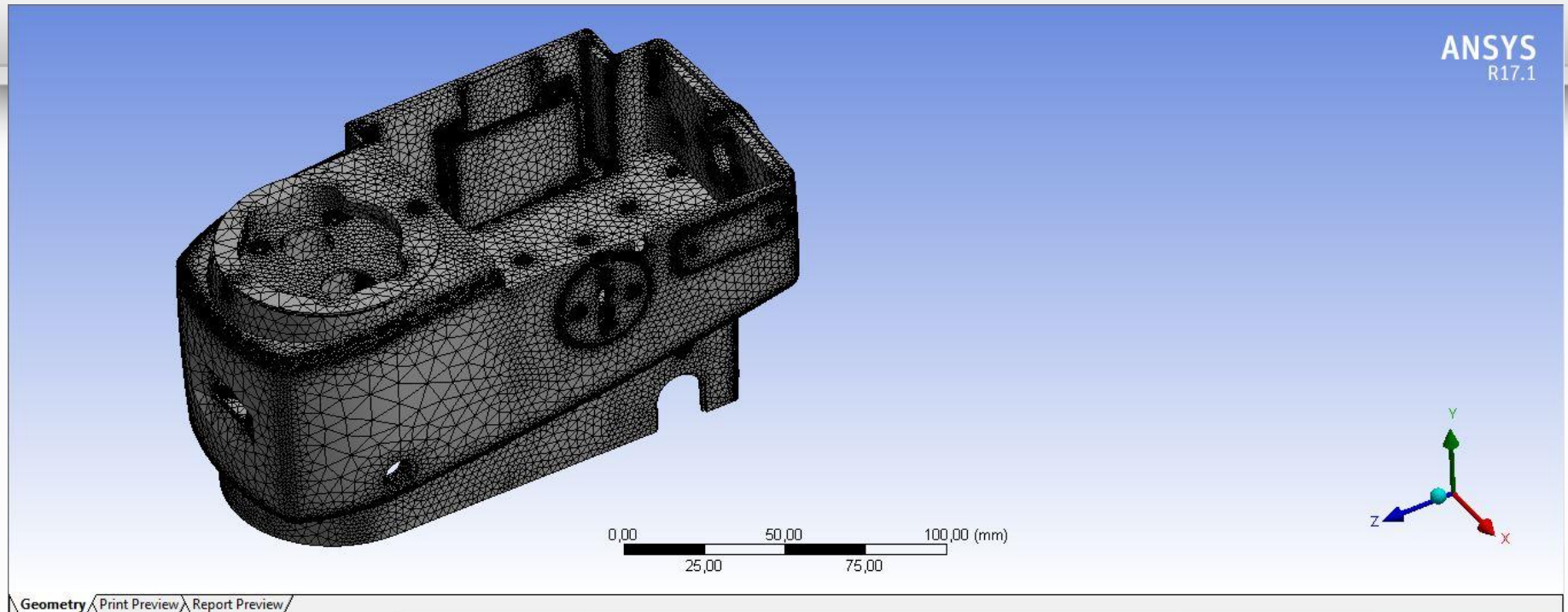
(Reduction technique)



Submodeling example



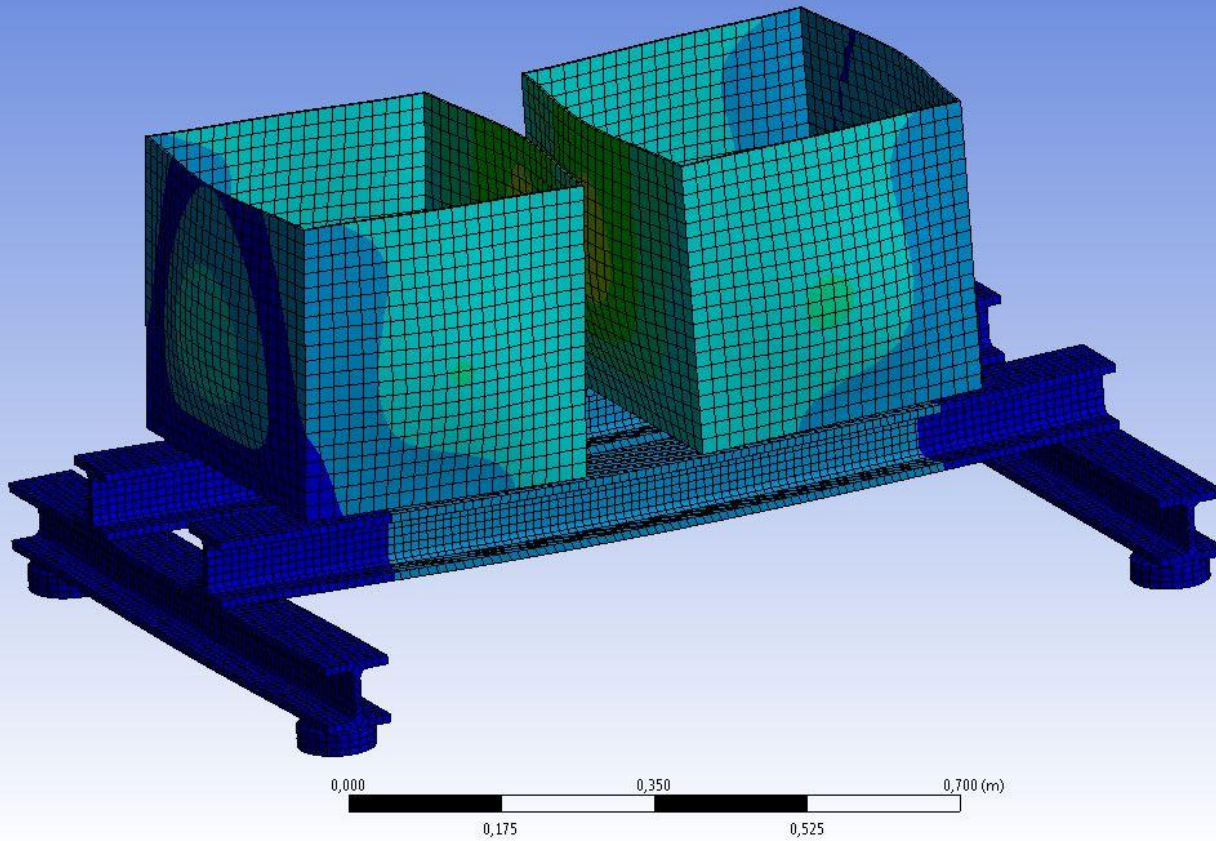
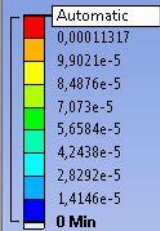
Meshing



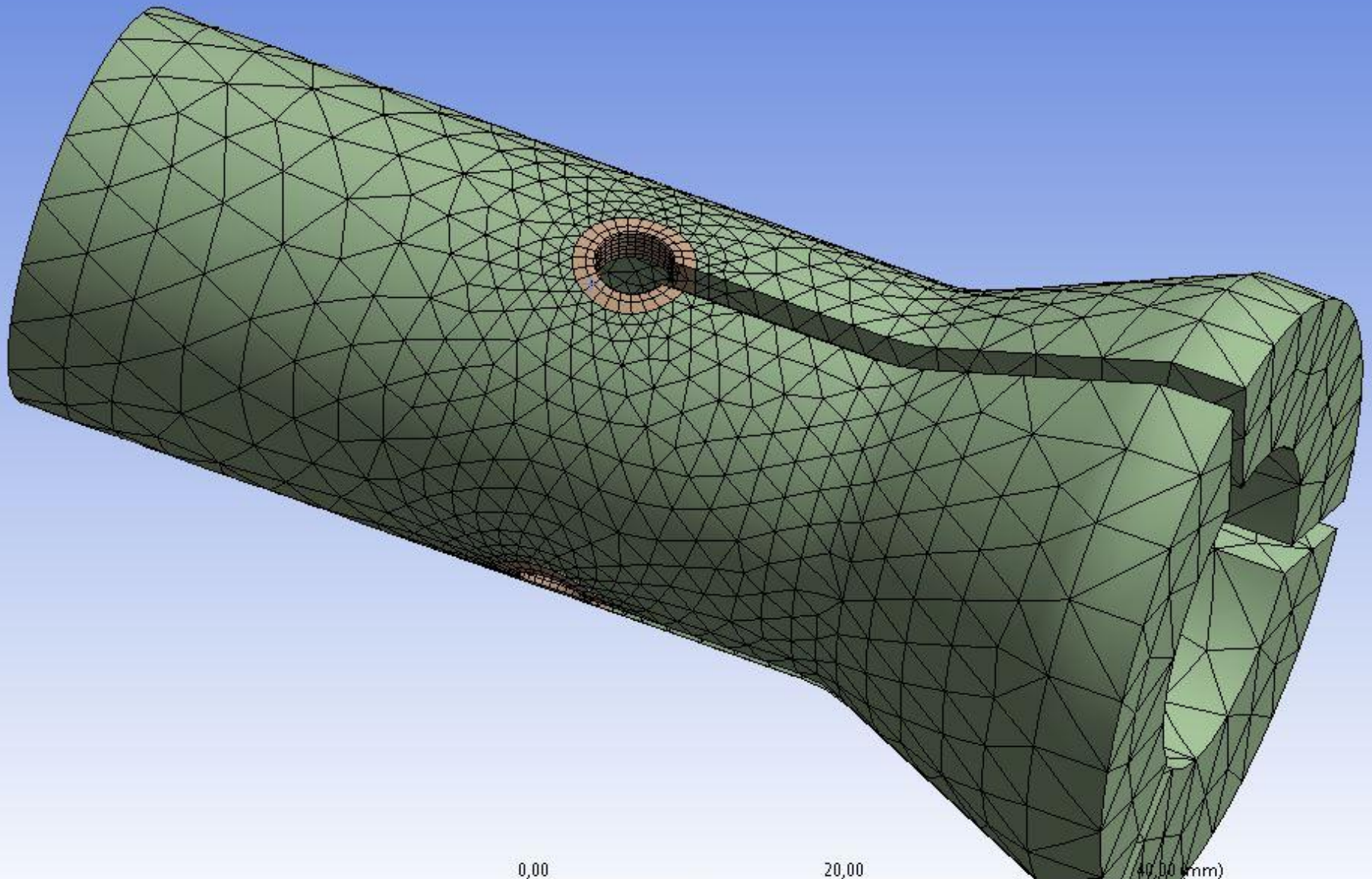
Water tanks on frame

ANSYS
R17.1

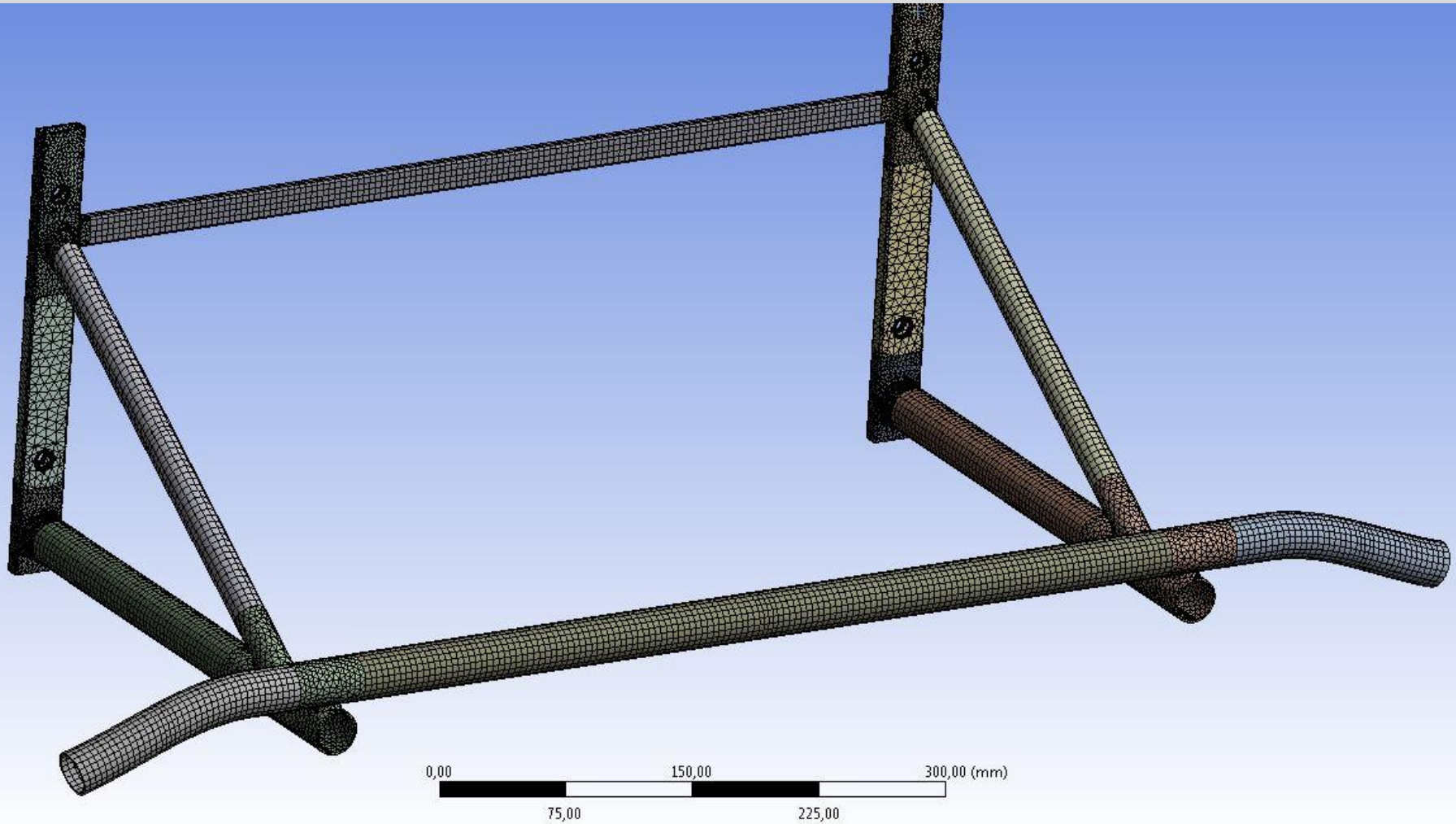
B: Static Structural
Total Deformation
Type: Total Deformation
Unit: m
Time: 1
21.06.2016 09:26



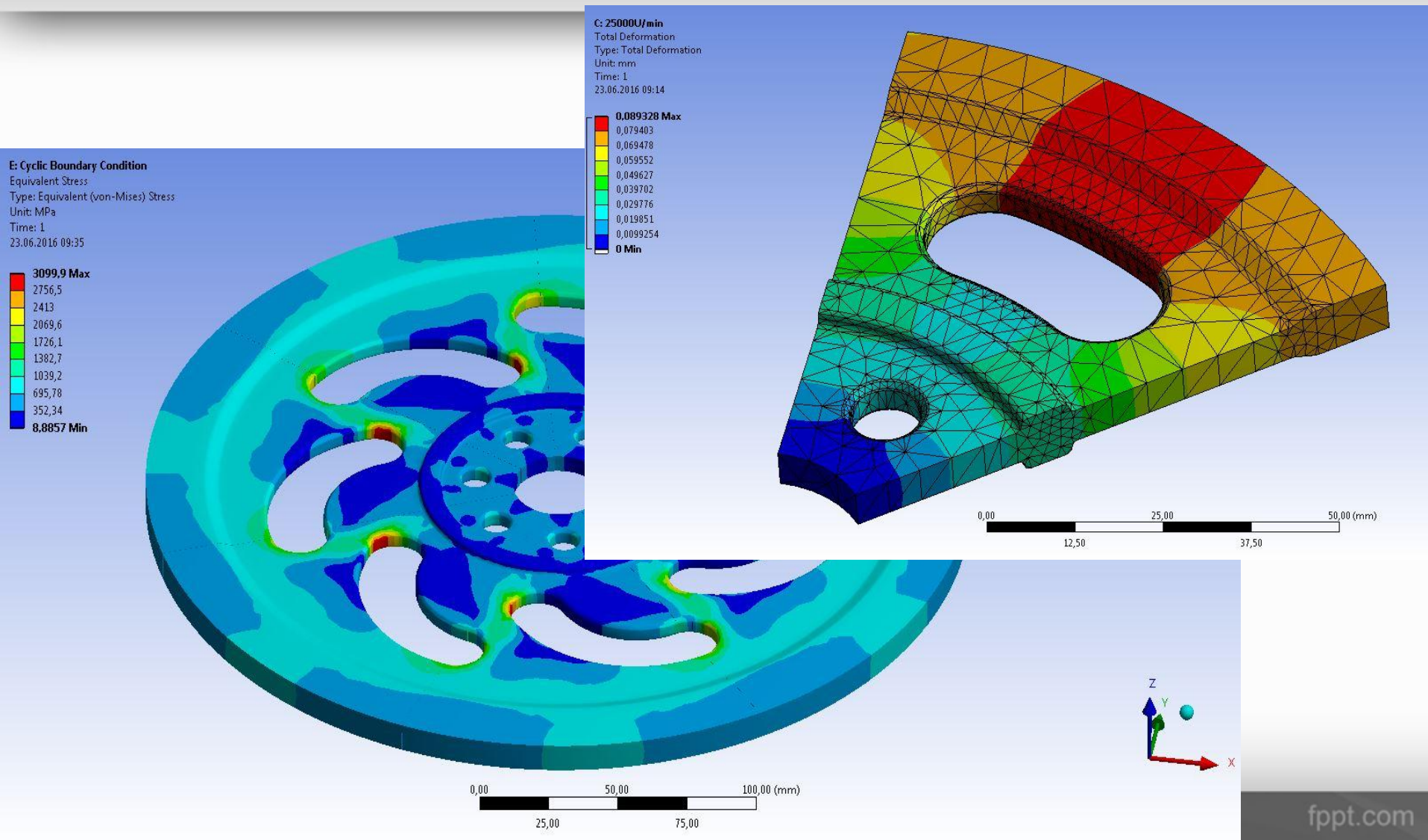
Share topology



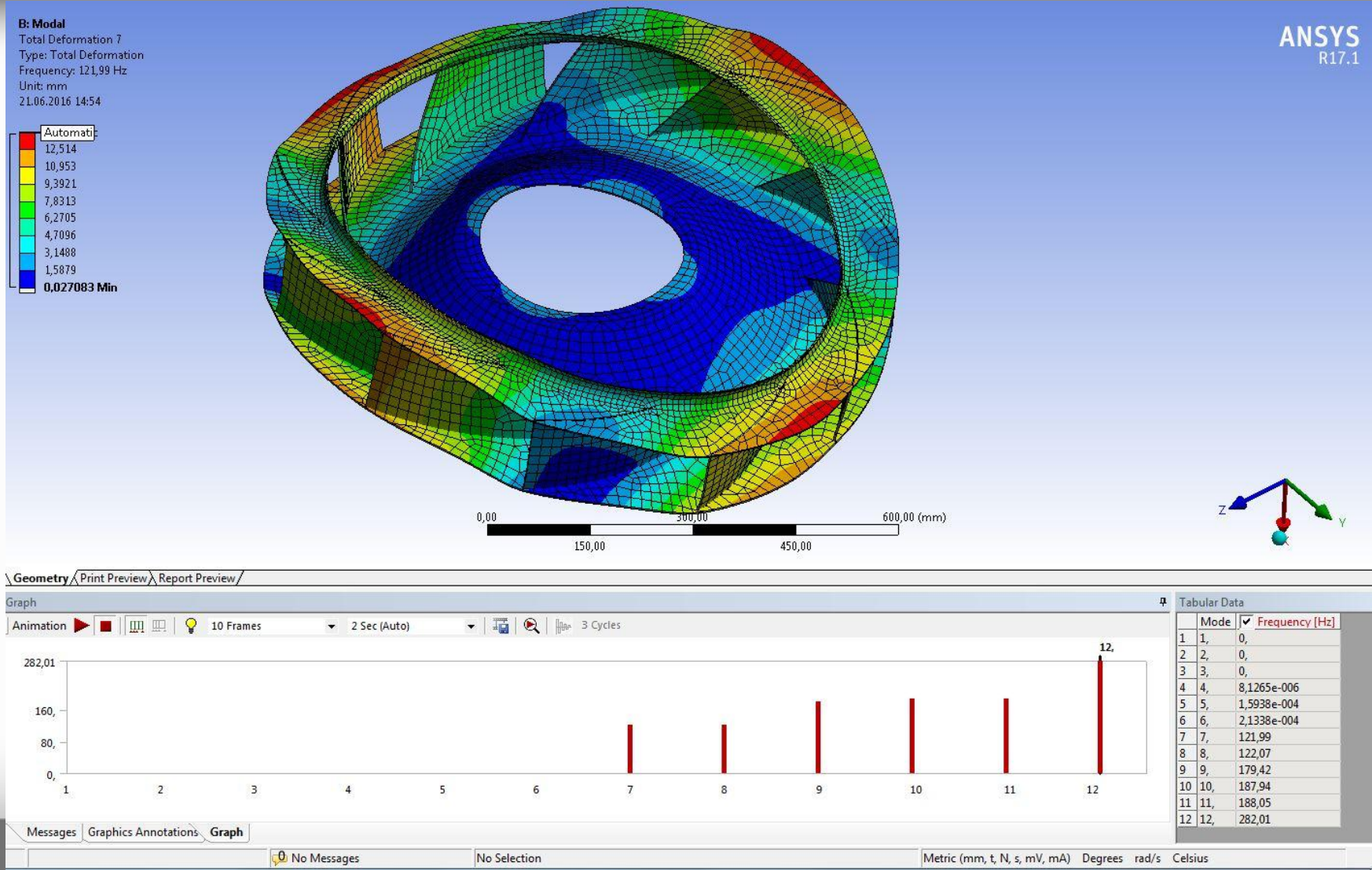
Advanced meshing



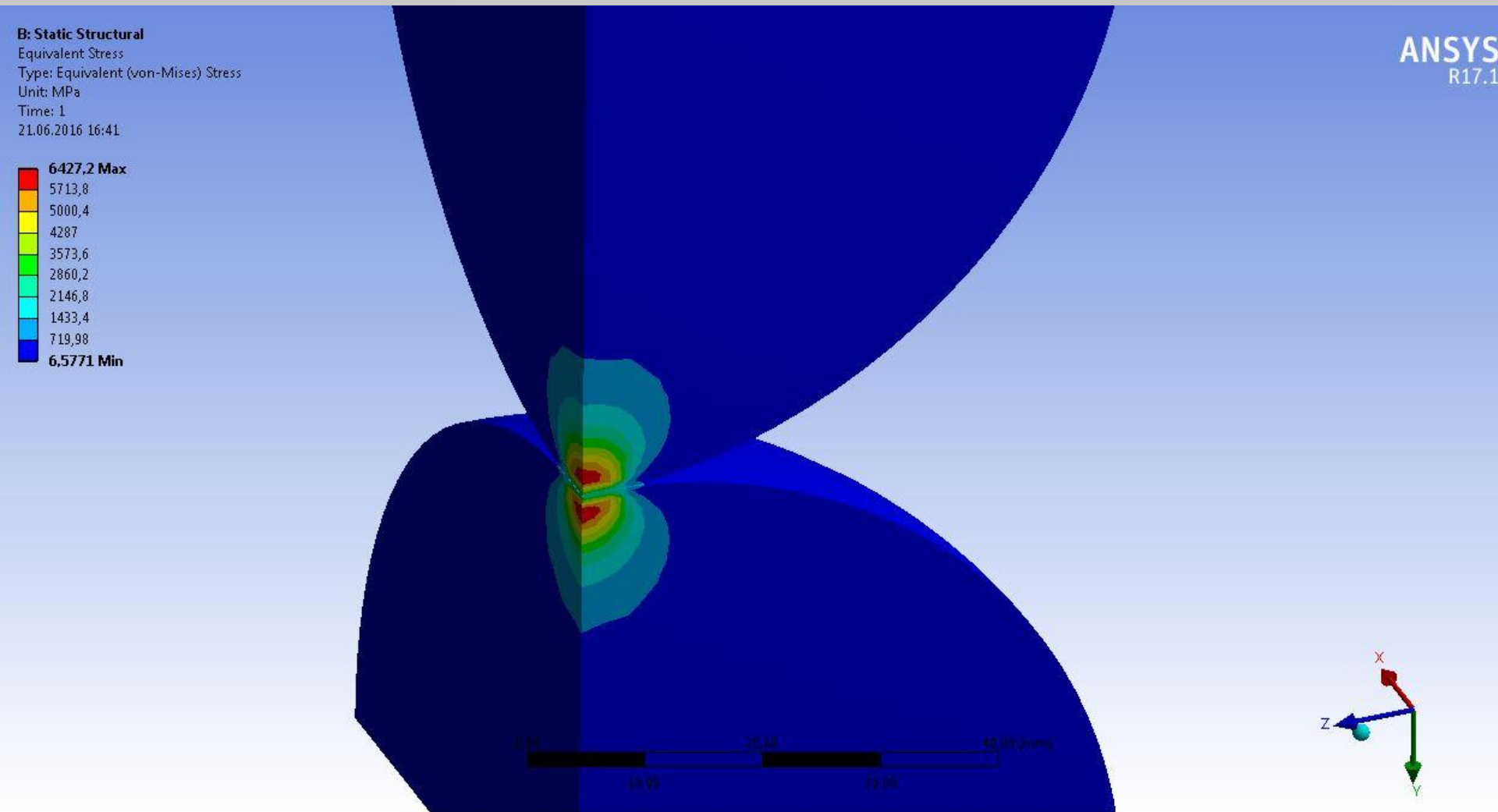
Circular symmetry



Modal analysis

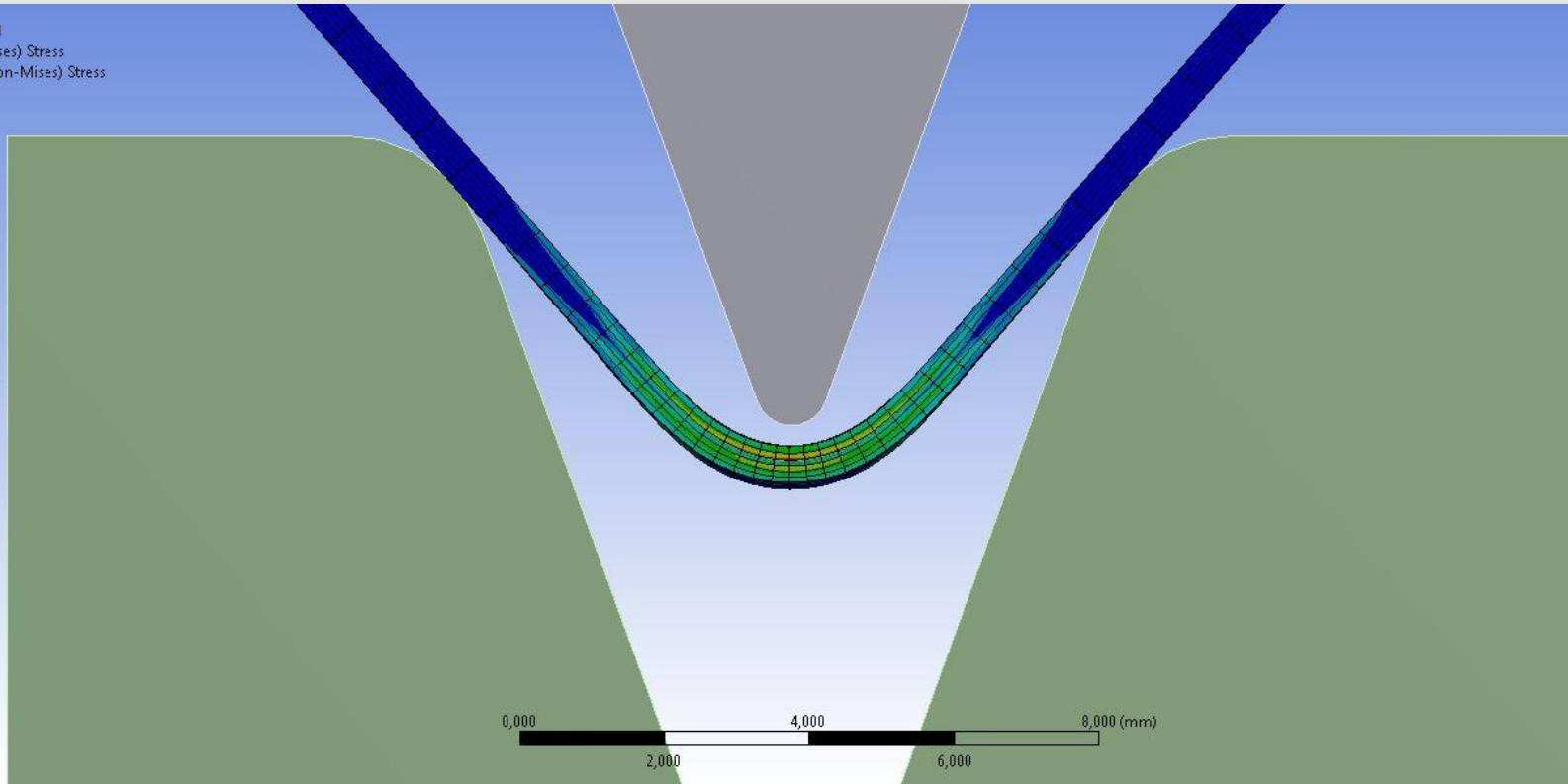


Simulation of the surface contact



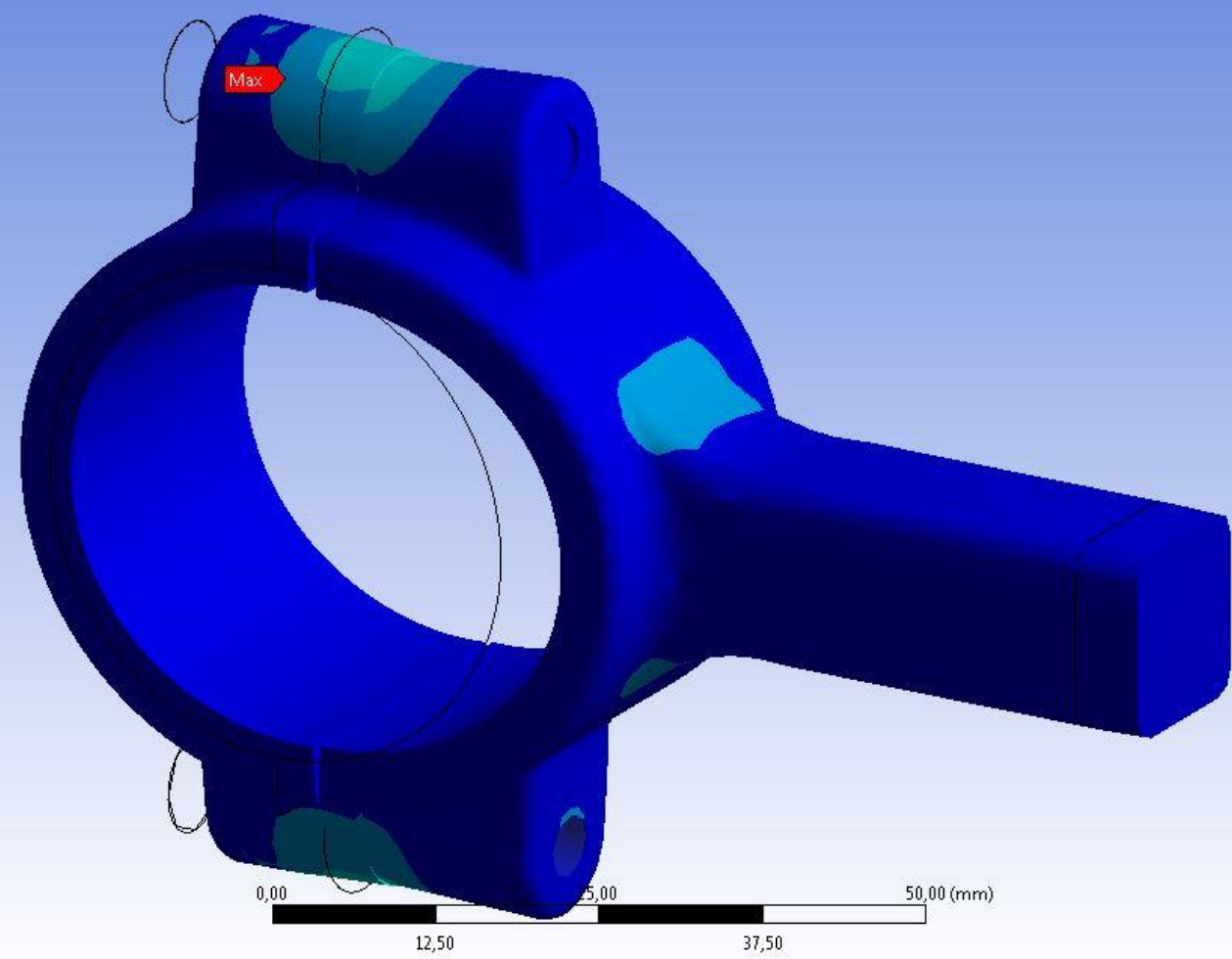
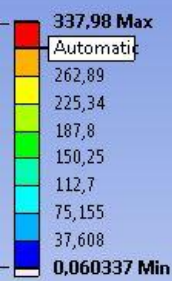
B: Static Structural
Equivalent (von-Mises) Stress
Type: Equivalent (von-Mises) Stress
Unit: MPa
Time: 2
22.06.2016 14:09

242,1 Max
215,21
188,31
161,42
134,52
107,63
80,734
53,84
26,945
0,050205 Min



B: Connecting Rod_Bolt Penetration_Rigid Body Motion

Equivalent Stress
Type: Equivalent (von-Mises) Stress
Unit: MPa
Time: 2
22.06.2016 17:13



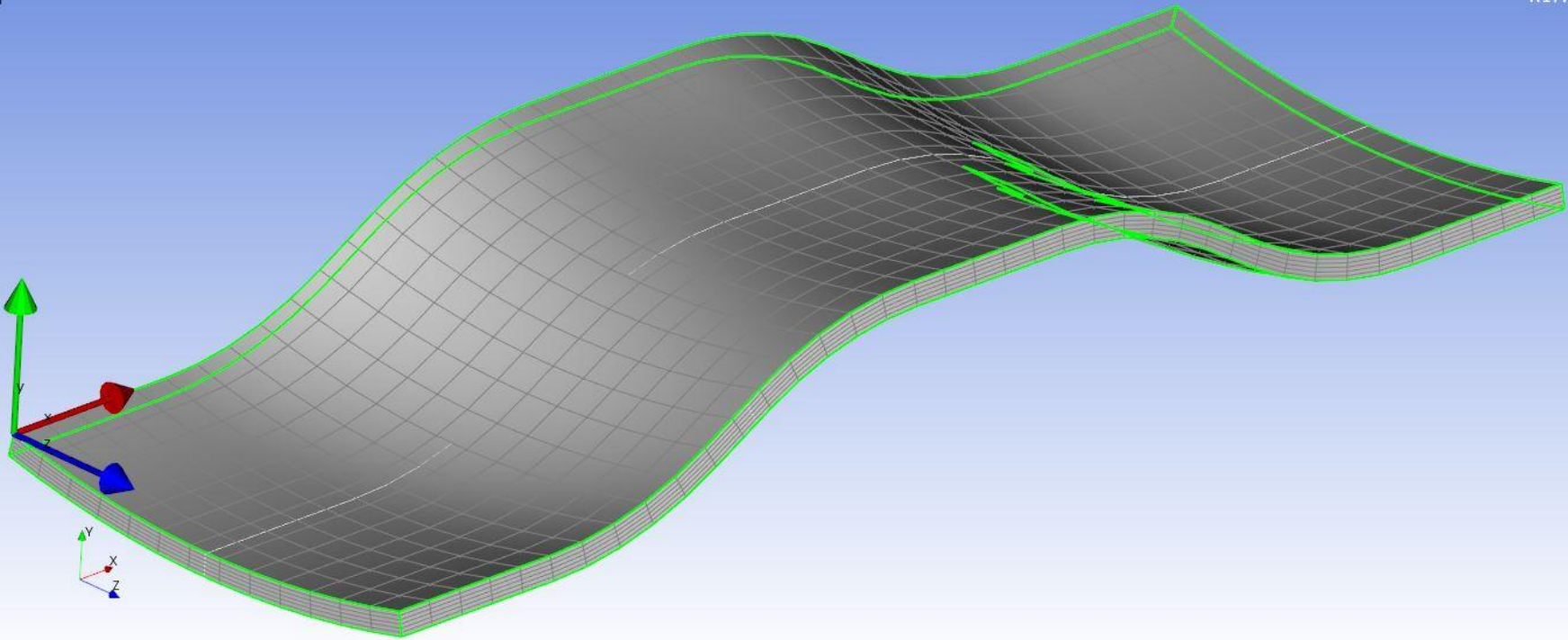
Composite material

ACP Model
23.06.2016 15:47

Selection:
SolM - SolidModel.1

ANSYS
R17.1

Thickness.1
1
0.88889
0.77778
0.66667
0.55556
0.44444
0.33333
0.22222
0.11111
0



Optimization tool

Sensitivity_MOP.omdb - C:\Users\seminar\Desktop\SpirinWorkDir\OptiSLangIntro.opd - Approximation Monitoring

File Edit View Windows Help

Update

Common settings

Hide dimension selection

1st: WB_M

2nd: WB_K

3rd: OMEGA

Hide plot settings

Show settings for: Currently active plot

Residual plot
Show ordinate as: Values
Sigma level: 3.00
Set parameter values

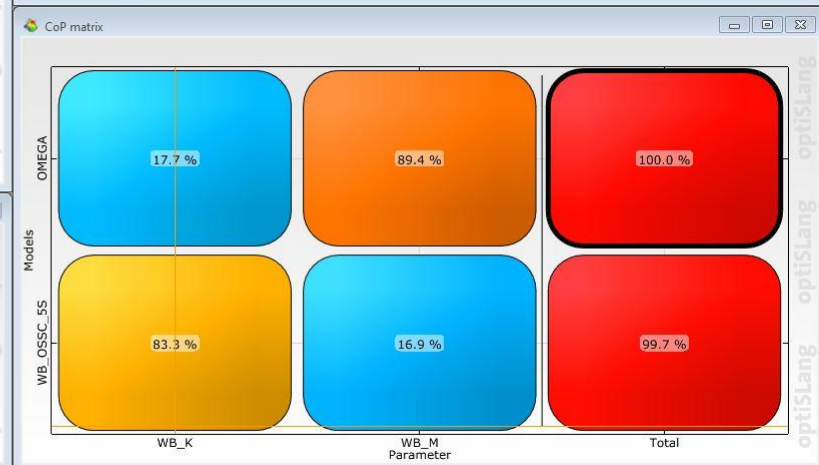
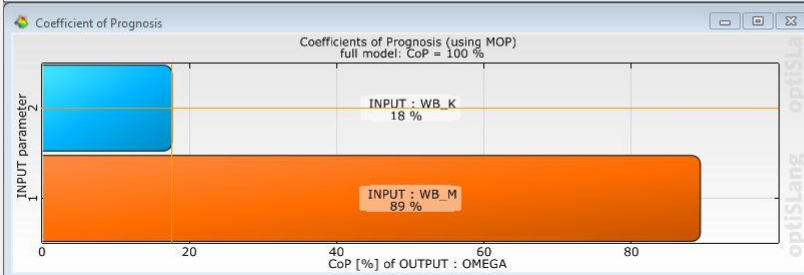
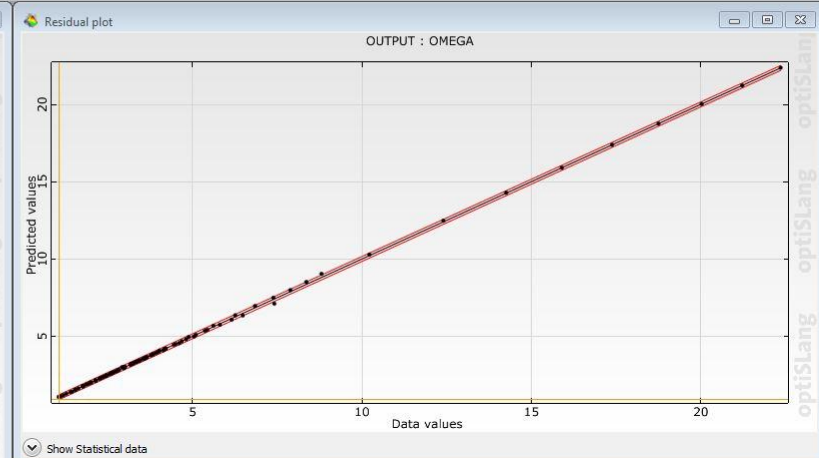
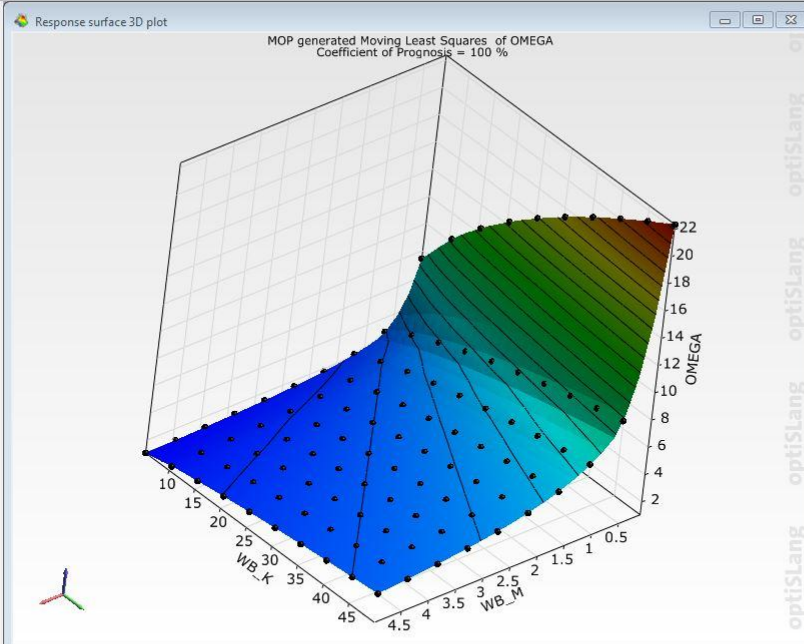
Hide design selection

Select all Invert selection

Design selection:

Show details

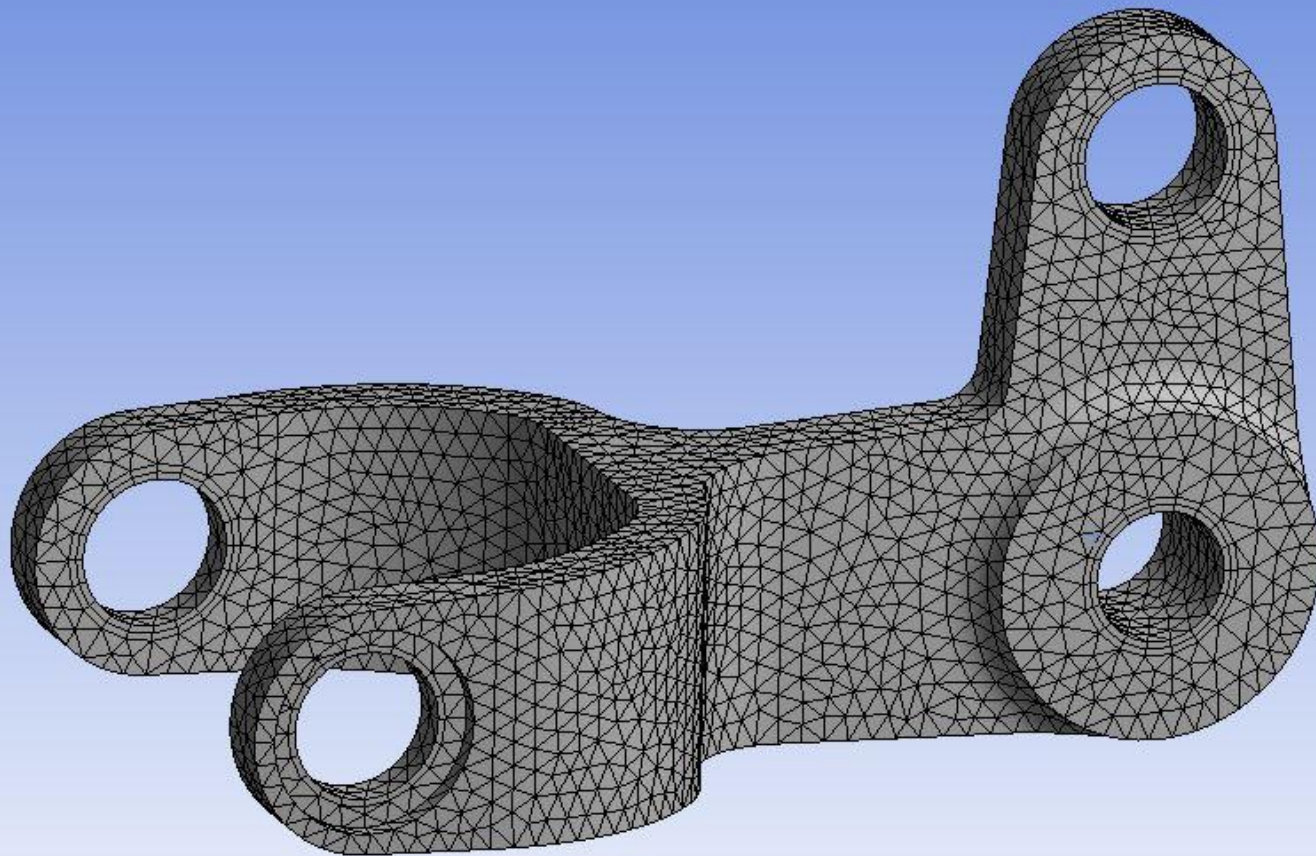
Show design activation



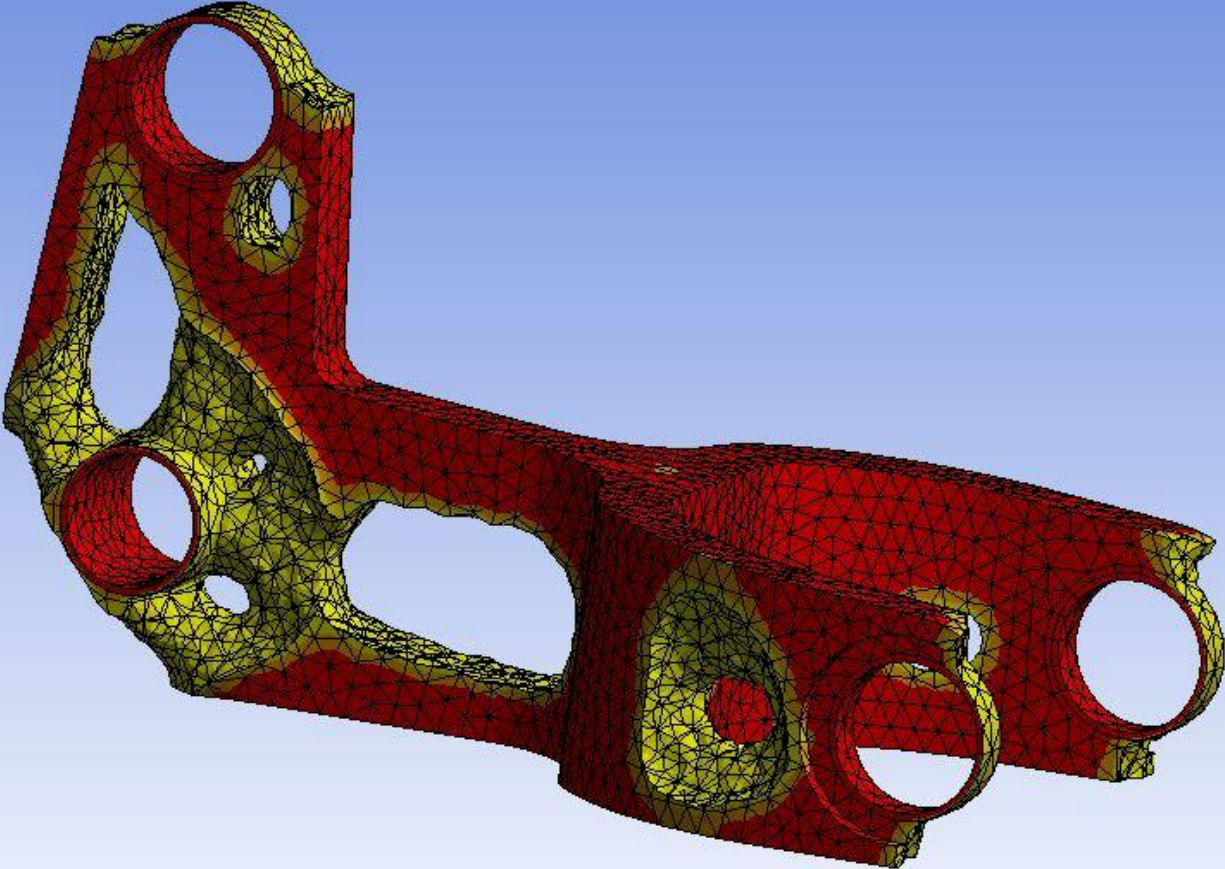
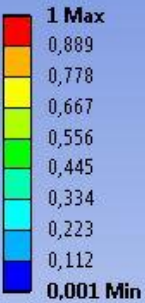
Description of topology optimization in general

- What is the objective of a Topology Optimization?
→ Get a material distribution which provides for a given design space and for a single or multiple load case scenario an optimal part stiffness
- The most common objective function in topology optimization is the energy of the elastic compliance. Minimizing the compliance is equivalent to maximizing the global stiffness
- As constraint (state variable) usually the volume of the part is defined. The design variable is the pseudo density, which is assigned to each element. Value „1“ describes that the element is active, „0“ means inactive

Topology optimization



C: Ansys Topology Optimization
Averaged Node Values
Expression: RES54
Time: 1
24.06.2016 12:33



E: Static Structural

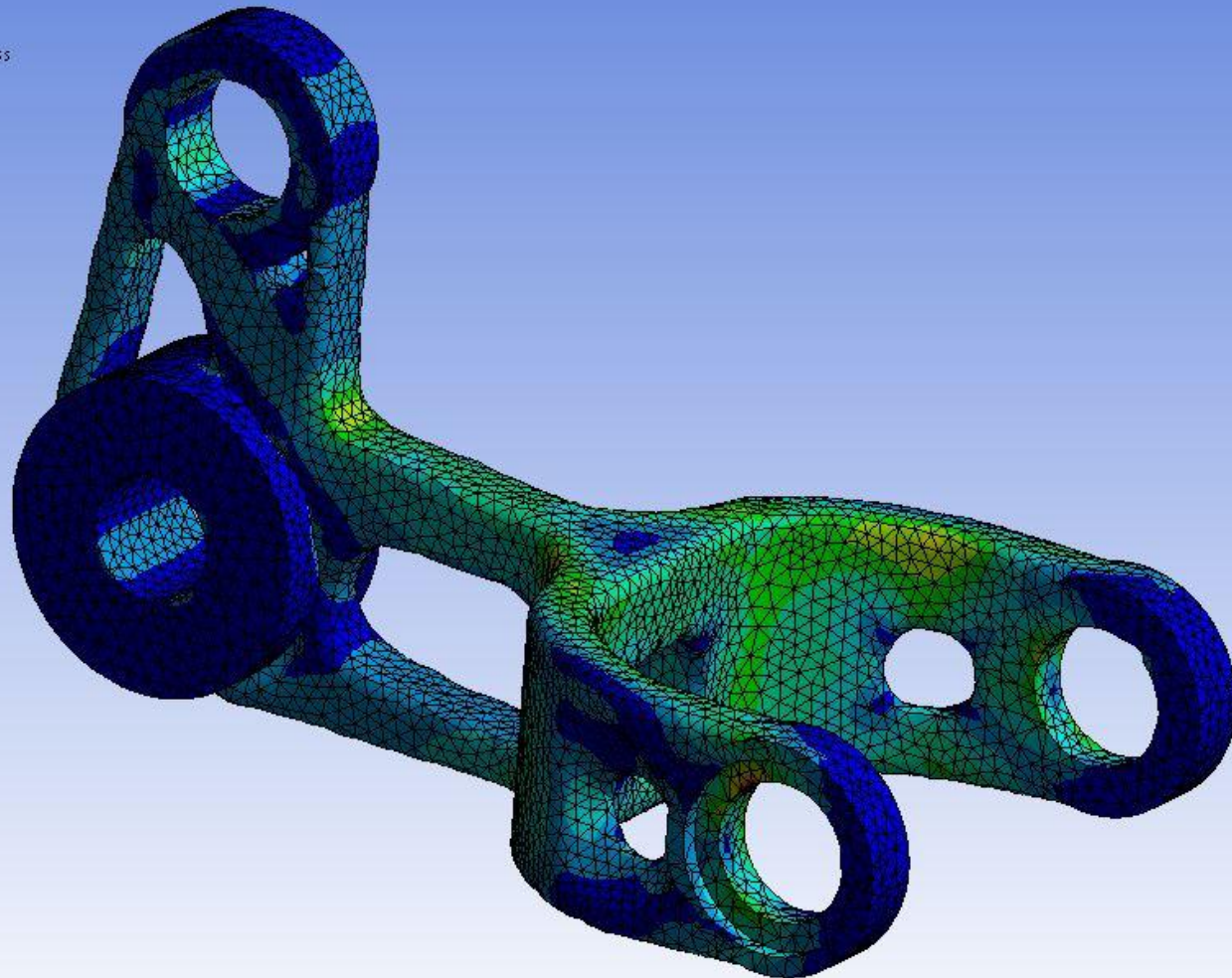
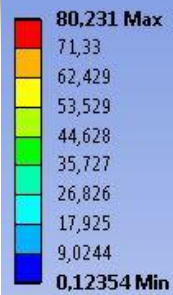
Equivalent Stress

Type: Equivalent (von-Mises) Stress

Unit: MPa

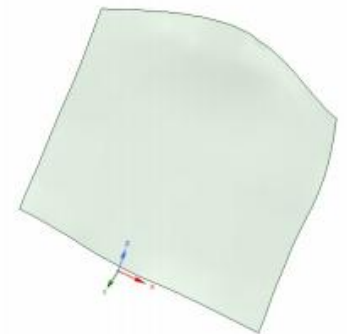
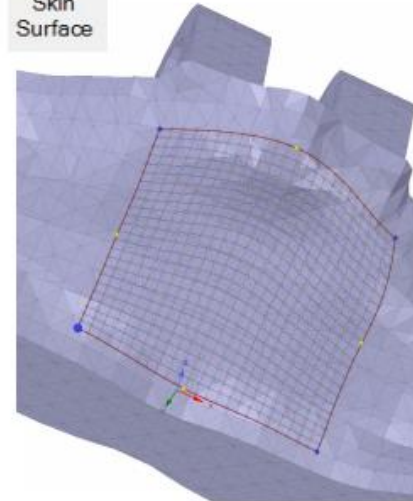
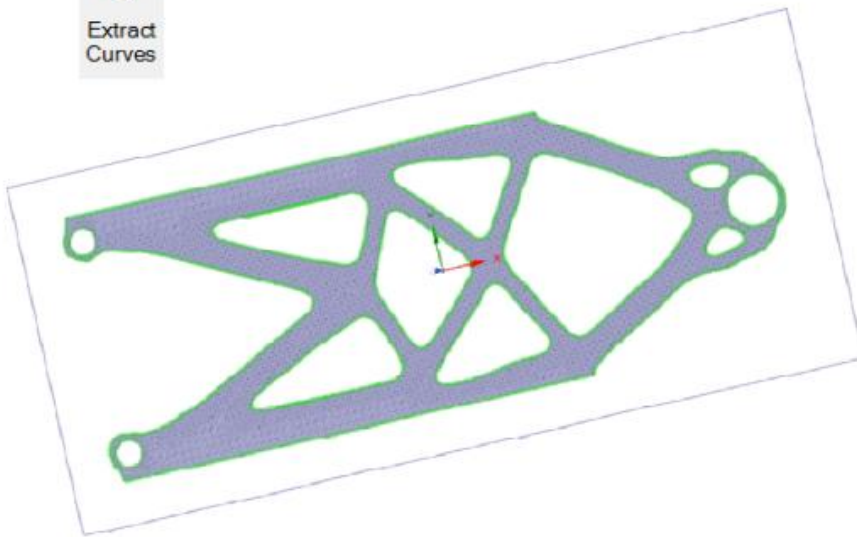
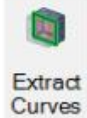
Time: 1

24.06.2016 14:34



Reverse Engineering

- Extract Curves
- Skin Surface
- Default geometries (Cylinder, Sphere)



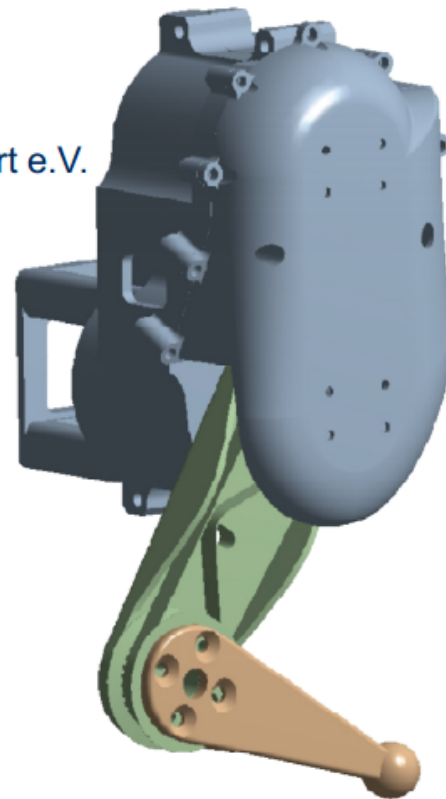
DLR jumping robot leg

- Demonstration of the ANSYS Topology Optimization, V17.0

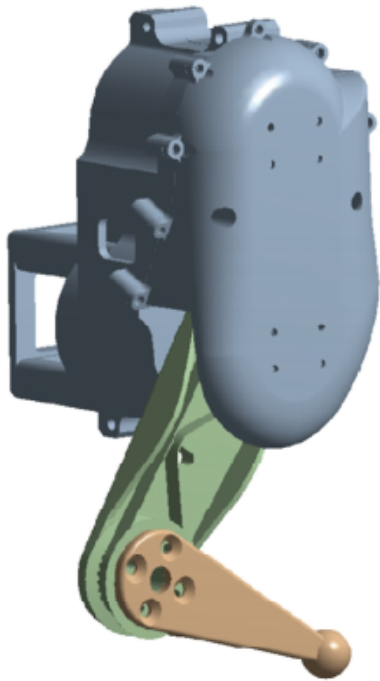
- Model: Jumping robot leg

Source: Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt e.V.
in der Helmholtz-Gemeinschaft
Institut für Robotik und Mechatronik
Contact person: Werner Friedl

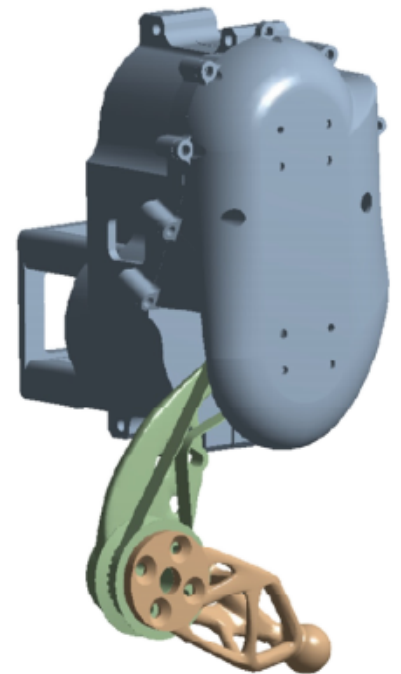
- Software:
ANSYS Mechanical
ANSYS SpaceClaim Direct Modeler



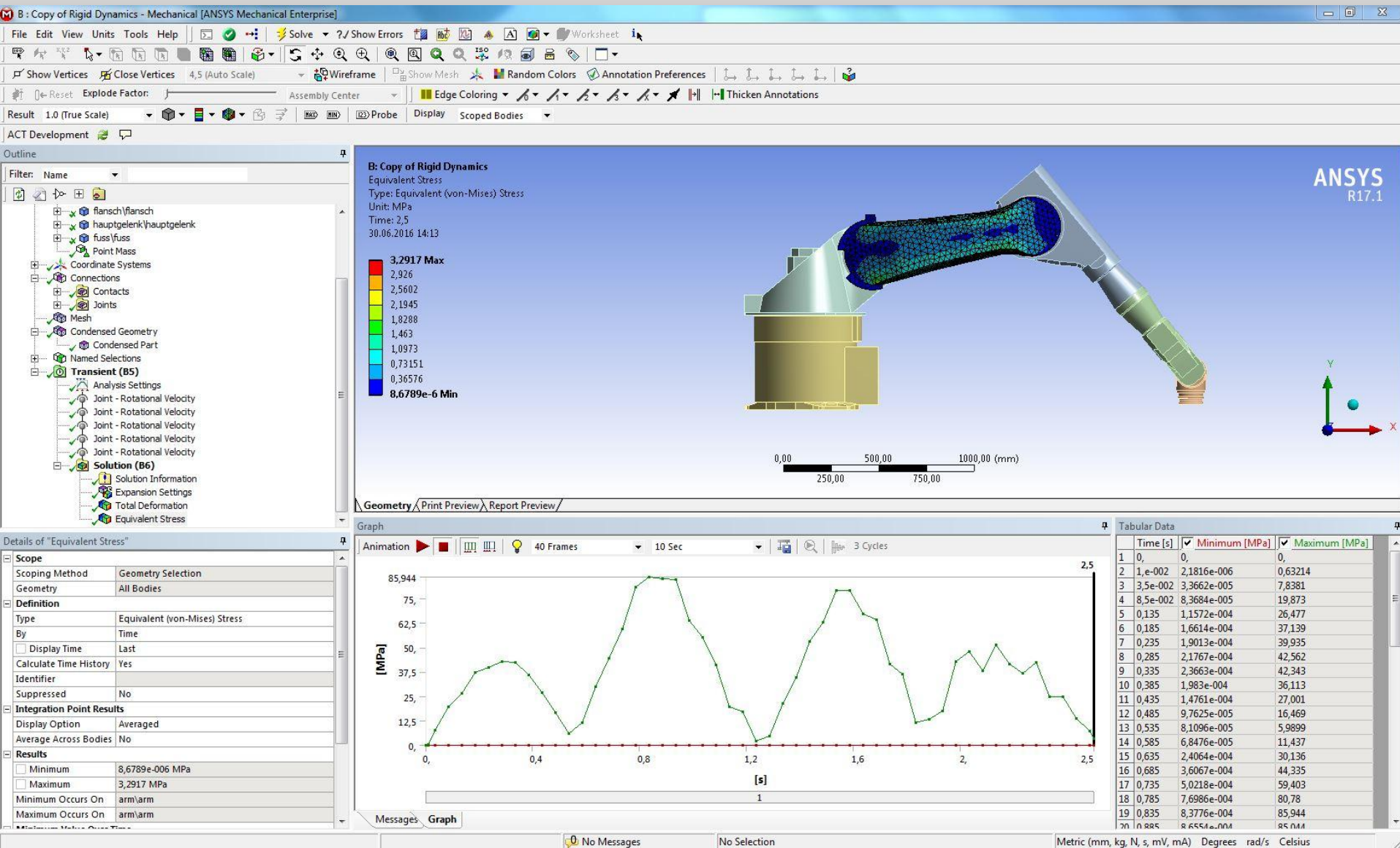
Comparison



- Stress stays the same
- Deformation stays the same
- Mass reduced by 40%



High Performance Calculation



The main contributions

- Meshing
- Boundary conditions
- Contact
- Optimization
- HPC